(b) The details of modus-operandi of the scandal would be known only after the investigation being conducted by the CBI under the directions of Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana, has been completed.

(c) FCI sold 3.7 lakh tonnes (prov.) of wheat in Haryana during 1996-97. In addition, a quantity of 32,940 M.T. was issued under Pubjab Special Scheme. This Quantity was issued at the prices given below:—

	(Rate Rs. per MT)
April 96 to July 96	Rs. 4410
Aug. 96 & Sept., 96 (upto 17.9.96)	Rs. 4550
Sept. 96 w.c.f. 18.9.96 to March, 97	Rs. 4900

The profits made by the traders and the losses suffered by FCI will be known only at the end of investigation.

(d) As already stated, on the basis of reports, the CBI will initiate necessary action against the erring parties involved in irregularties, in accordance with law.

गन्ने का खरीद मूल्य निर्धारित किया जाना

501. **श्री सूर्यभान पाटील वहाडणे:** क्या खाद्य और उपभोक्ता मामले मंत्री यह बताने की की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) गन्ने का खरीद मूल्य निर्धारित करने के संबंध में कृषि मंत्रालय और खाद्य मंत्रालय के क्या-क्या विचार हैं;

(ख) इस संबंध में मंत्रिमंडल की मूल्य सलाहकार समिति की क्या राय है; और

(ग) इस पर वित्त मंत्रालय ने क्या निर्णय लिया है?

खाद्य और उपभोक्ता मामले के राज्य मंत्री (रघुवंश प्रसाद सिंह): (क) से (ग) खाद्य और उपभोक्ता मामले मंत्रालय (शर्करा और खाद्य तेल विभाग) प्रत्येक वर्ष गन्ना (नियंत्रण) आदेश, 1996 के उपबंधों के अनुसार गन्ना उत्पादकों को चीनी मिलों द्वारा अदा किए जाने वाले सांविधिक न्यूनतम मूल्य निर्धारित करता है। निर्धारित किया गया मूल्य कृषि मंत्रालय के अधीन कृषि लागत और मूल्य आयोग की सिफारिशों के आधार पर होता है। संविधिक न्यूनतम मूल्य मंत्रिमंडल की आर्थिक कार्य समिति के अनमोदन से निधारित किया जाता है।

Full Quota of Foodgrains from FCI not Lifted by States

502.SHRI AMAR SINGH: Will the Miniter of FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that some States have not lifted full quota of foodgrains from the FCI godowns during the last two years;

(b) if so, the details thereof including the reasons therefor; and

(c) the remedial steps taken in this regard during that period alongwith results?

THE MINSITER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS (SHRI RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) On the basis of monthly allocation made by the Government, FCI releases foodgrians (rice and wheat) to the States Governments/UTs under Public Distribution System. Two statements showing Statewise details of allotment, offtake and offtake percentage of Rice and Wheat for the finacial year 1995-96 and 1996-97 are enclosed at Statement I and II respectiovely.

The offtake of foodgrains (wheat and rice) under PDS depends mainly upon the seasonal availability and prices of these commodites in the open market in any State. During the post harvest seasons of wheat and rice, offtake of these commodities generally falls in the States where these commodities are produced. Sometimes, the States/UTs. fail to make financial arrangements in time and at others, due to some operational problems, there might be occasional shortage of stocks in a particular State and whenever any report to this effect is received either from State

or elsewhere, immediate action is taken by the Government to make available the stocks at the required place. Also, whenever any request from the State Government for extension of validity period for lifting the unlifted quantity of PDS foodgrains is received, it is generally considered favourably.

Statement-I

Details of Allotment/Lifting of Wheat and Rice under P.D.S. (including RPDS) during 1995-96 (P)

(In '000 Tonnes)

Sl. No.	States/UTs	RICE			WHEAT		
		A	O	%age	A	O	%age
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2620.00	2159.10	82.41	192.00	102.70	53.49
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	102.60	90.60	88.30	7.20	5.40	75.00
3.	Assam	508.00	434.50	76.50	360.00	351.70	97.69
4.	Bihar	381.60	23.50	6.16	705.60	227.30	32.21
5.	Delhi	240.00	26.50	11.04	640.00	153.20	18.24
6.	Goa	78.00	44.80	57.44	42.40	23.40	55.19
7.	Gujarat	409.00	208.60	51.00	835.50	426.00	50.87
8.	Haryana	53.56	8.40	15.67	209.48	62.40	29.79
9.	Himachal Pradesh	131.00	45.20	34.50	144.00	98.20	68.19
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	528.00	271.70	51.46	360.00	115.80	32.19
11.	Karnataka	1443.12	942.90	65.34	360.00	219.50	60.97
12.	Kerala	1800.00	1170.60	65.03	585.00	557.40	94.96
13.	Madhya Pradesh	580.16	204.60	35.27	583.92	136.60	23.89
14.	Maharashtra	858.00	359.70	41.92	1100.00	610.50	55.50
15.	Manipur	120.00	32.90	27.42	32.40	28.20	87.04
16.	Meghalaya	112.00	164.40	95.58	28.00	27.70	98.93
17.	Mizoram	90.00	93.70	104.11	24.00	23.30	97.08
18.	Nagaland	72.50	71.00	97.93	18.20	21.60	118.68
19.	Orissa	790.00	365.70	46.29	420.00	238.50	56.79
20.	Punjab	16.65	2.00	12.01	155.00	8.00	5.16
21.	Rajasthan	52.00	8.70	16.73	1453.92	459.30	31.59
22.	Sikkim	57.60	43.10	74.83	12.30	9.90	80.49
23.	Tamil Nadu	1590.00	1745.10	109.75	310.00	174.20	56.19
24.	Tripura	194.40	148.70	76.49	21.60	9.60	44.44
25.	Uttar Pradesh	549.60	209.50	38.12	1185.60	225.70	19.04
26.	West Bengal	856.00	447.10	52.23	1098.60	842.30	76.67
27.	A & N Islands	30.00	0.00	—	9.00	0.00	—
28.	Chandigarh	3.60	1.10	30.56	21.60	1.00	4.63
29.	D & N Haveli	6.00	1.60	26.67	2.75	0.70	25.45
30.	Daman & Diu	6.70	0.90	13.43	2.15	0.20	9.30
31.	Lakshadweep	6.30	4.70	74.00	0.50	Neg	—
32.	Pondicherry	24.00	2.00	8.33	9.00	Neg	—
	TOTAL	14430.39	9332.90	64.68	11129.72	5159.40	46.36

(P) Provisional
(Neg) Neglibile

Statement-II

Details of Allotment/Lifting of Wheat and Rice under P.D.S. (including RPDS) during 1996-97 (P)

(In '000 Tonnes)

Sl. No.	States/UTs	RICE			WHEAT		
		A	O	%age	A	O	%age
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2490.00	1946.80	78.18	180.00	127.30	70.72
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	109.20	100.70	92.22	7.20	5.50	76.39
3.	Assam	648.70	520.90	80.30	355.50	301.90	84.92

Sl. No.	States/UTs	RICE			WHEAT		
		A	O	%age	A	O	%age
4.	Bihar	389.60	37.50	9.63	697.60	438.70	62.89
5.	Delhi	240.00	113.60	47.33	700.00	574.70	82.10
6.	Goa	90.00	59.50	66.10	37.20	32.60	87.63
7.	Gujarat	376.00	276.40	73.51	690.90	624.20	90.34
8.	Haryana	52.00	21.80	41.92	208.18	131.30	63.08
9.	Himachal Pradesh	122.80	86.50	70.44	140.00	119.30	85.21
10.	Jammu & Kashmir	528.00	353.70	66.99	360.00	149.00	41.39
11.	Karnataka	1453.12	1110.00	76.39	356.00	286.70	80.53
12.	Kerala	1847.00	1530.80	82.88	572.50	544.10	95.04
13.	Madhya Pradesh	613.68	302.90	49.36	605.62	431.10	71.18
14.	Maharashtra	858.00	553.60	64.52	1010.00	850.10	84.17
15.	Manipur	120.00	58.90	49.08	32.40	31.30	96.60
16.	Meghalaya	190.00	181.90	95.74	29.50	26.50	89.83
17.	Mizoram	92.05	88.60	96.25	23.50	20.90	89.83
18.	Nagaland	81.20	89.40	110.10	8.60	8.30	96.51
19.	Orissa	1012.00	592.90	58.59	451.00	419.60	93.03
20.	Punjab	18.00	1.60	8.89	121.00	54.00	44.63
21.	Rajasthan	69.00	16.70	28.31	1358.37	1141.30	84.02
22.	Sikkim	60.10	60.90	101.33	10.70	11.30	105.61
23.	Tamil Nadu	1893.50	1866.50	98.57	287.20	217.20	75.63
24.	Tripura	194.40	150.10	77.21	21.60	14.80	68.52
25.	Uttar Pradesh	532.20	359.30	67.51	1140.40	894.90	78.47
26.	West Bengal	800.00	517.10	64.69	1071.00	904.50	84.53
27.	A & N Islands	30.00	0.00	—	9.00	0.00	—
28.	Chandigarh	3.60	2.10	58.33	21.60	7.90	36.57
29.	D & N Haveli	6.00	1.50	25.00	3.90	0.60	20.00
30.	Daman & Diu	7.20	1.40	19.44	2.40	0.20	8.33
31.	Lakshadweep	6.30	6.60	104.76	0.50	0.30	60.00
32.	Pondicherry	24.00	4.10	17.08	9.00	0.00	—
	TOTAL	14947.65	11014.30	73.69	10521.45	8370.10	79.55

Provisional

Decision to Handover the Super Bazar Stores Network to State Government

503. SHRI RAJUBHAI A. PARMAR:
SHRI SUSHILKUMAR SAMBHAJIRAO SHINDE:
SHRIMATI VEENA VERMA:

Will the Minister of FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had decided to handover the Super Bazar Stores network in Delhi to State Government *sans accumulated liabilities* as on date October 1, 1997;

(b) if so, the exstent of accumulated liabilities as on October 1, 1997 and April 1, 1997, 1996 and 1995; and

(c) the main reasons for the heavy losses and the liabilities incurred year after year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CONSUMER AFFAIRS (SHRI RAGHUVANSH PRASAD SINGH): (a) The Committee on Reorganization of Delhi constituted by the Government of India in December, 1987 had recommended "that the functions now being performed by the Central Government as a major Shareholder of the Super Bazar should be made available to the Govt. of Delhi by appropriate measures". The decision to hand over the Super Bazar to the Govt. of Delhi involves consultation with various Government Departments. The process of consultation is in progress.